

Basic Grammar Terminology

English Sentence Structure:

<u>S</u>	<u>V</u>	<u>O</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>T</u>
<u>Subject</u>	<u>Verb</u>	<u>Object</u>	<u>Loc</u>	<u>Time</u>
sthg = something does sthg	expresses action	Subject		
In most English sentences,		"PLACE" comes or "LOCATION"		
before "TIME".				

- 1) ADJECTIVES describe nouns.
- 2) -- -- modify nouns.
↳ 'change a little'
- 3) -- -- are neither singular nor plural.
- 4) A final '-s' is never added to an adjective.

1) ADVERBS modify VERBS.

2) -- -- are often formed by adding '-ly' to an adjective.

3) -- -- are also used to express frequency or time.

(tomorrow, today, yesterday, soon, never, usually, always, yet)

4) Midsentence ADVERBS: ever, always, usually, often, frequently, generally, sometimes, just, occasionally, seldom, rarely, hardly ever, not ever, already, finally, probably,